## Key Knowledge/Content:

## Place knowledge

- To understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region of Eastern Europe and South America.


## Human geography

- To understand types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.


## Locational knowledge.

- To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features.


## Links to: <br> Prior learning:

To discuss the difference between urban and rural areas.
Future learning:
To look at different aspects of their local area.

## Key vocabulary with definition:

## Prior vocabulary:

- Population- All the people living in a particular country, area, or place.
- Urban- In or relating to a characteristic of a town or city.
- Trade- The action of buying and selling goods and services.
New vocabulary:
- Region- An area, especially part of a country or the world having definable characteristics but not always fixed boundaries.
- Axis- A fixed reference line for the measurement of coordinates.


## By the end of this unit

All children can: recognise the nearest city to out local area and identify the differences between a city and a town.
Most children can: demonstrate a firm understanding about the use of maps and that different maps can be used for different purposes.
Some children can: demonstrate and explain local, regional, national and international links to the local area.

## Background understanding for teachers and parents:

Each year group will revisit their local area. Year 5 will compare national and international links to their local area.

## Curriculum Driver (one):

Communication

## Evidence outcome:

To have a discussion about national links and to our local area.

