



Computing Topic: Hardware investigation and Making music.

Year: 4 Term: Summer 2

Key Knowledge/Content Hardware investigation:

- To understand the different parts that make up a computer.
- To recall the different parts that make up a computer

Key Knowledge/Content Making Music:

- To identify and discuss the main elements of music.
- To understand and experiment with rhythm and tempo.
- To create a melodic phrase.
- To electronically compose a piece of music.

Links to:

Prior learning:

Technology outside of school Effective searching Making Music

Future learning:

Networks Game creators

Key vocabulary with definition Hardware investigation:

Prior Vocabulary

- Output Where information leaves the system.
- Peripherals Parts that are attached to the computer case.
- RAM Allows programs to store information to help the computer run quickly.
- Software The programs that run on the computer.

New Vocabulary

- Components Parts inside the computer casing.
- CPU- The 'brains' of the computer, where all the calculations take place.
- Graphics Card Also known as a video card and used for displaying images.
- Hard Drive Where the computer stores all your documents, pictures, games and videos.

Key vocabulary with definition Making Music: Prior Vocabulary

• Synths - Short for synthesizer. Electronic musical instrument sounds

.New Vocabulary

- Melody A sequence of notes which make up a tune.
 Pitch How high or low a sound is.
- Pulse The steady beat of a piece of music.
- Rhythm A pattern of long and short sounds and silences.

By the end of this unit

All children can: explain what a hardware is and distinguish between rhythm and tempo. Most children can: will be able to create a leaflet to share their understanding of computer hardware and utilise the tools within Busy Beats to create a melodic phrase.

Some children can: recognise the components of hardware and create more complex rhythms.

Background understanding for teachers and parents:

Hardware is the physical components of the computer, such as the central processing unit (CPU), hard disk, monitor, keyboard and mouse. Software is the programs that run on a computer. Hardware is the physical components of a computer. Children are also taught how to use create music using digital tools.

Curriculum Driver (one):

Understanding the world

Evidence outcome:

Children gain further understand into the physical components of a computer.